

Basel III - Pillar 3 Disclosures

31 Mar 2024

National Bank of Umm Al Qaiwain



Contents

A.	General Information:.....	3
B.	Executive Summary:	3
B.1.	Purpose	3
B.2.	Overview of Basel III Requirements	3
B.3.	Capital Management.....	3
1.	Overview of risk management and RWA	4
1.1.	Template KM1: Key metrics (at consolidated group level)	4
1.1.	Template OV1: Overview of RWA	6
2.	Leverage ratio.....	7
2.1.	Template LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets vs leverage ratio exposure	7
2.2.	Template LR2: Leverage ratio common disclosure template	8
3.	Liquidity Risk Management.....	9
3.1.	Template LIQ1: Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR).....	9
3.2.	Template ELAR: Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio.....	9
3.3.	Template ASRR: Advances to Stables Resource Ratio.....	10

A. General Information:

National Bank of Umm Al-Qaiwain (PSC) (the “Bank”) is a Public Shareholding Company (ADX listed) incorporated in the Emirate of Umm Al-Qaiwain (“UAQ”) in the United Arab Emirates (“U.A.E.”) by Amiri Decree Number (1) on January 5, 1982, issued by His Highness, the Ruler of Umm Al-Qaiwain, and commenced its operations with effect from August 1, 1982.

The Group comprises National Bank of Umm Al-Qaiwain (PSC), Umm Al-Qaiwain, and its subsidiary Twin Towns Marketing Management LLC (100% ownership), Dubai. The Bank is engaged in providing products and services to customers in Retail, Corporate, Small and Medium Enterprise, Treasury and Trade finance in both conventional and Islamic banking.

B. Executive Summary:

The Central Bank of the UAE published notice number CBUAE/BSN/2021/5508 on 30 November 2021 regarding Pillar 3 disclosures. These disclosures have been prepared in accordance with these guidelines along with the Board approved disclosure Policy of the Bank.

B.1. Purpose

The purpose of this report is to enable market participants to access key information relating to Bank’s regulatory capital and risk exposures to increase transparency and confidence about Bank’s exposure to risk and the overall adequacy of its regulatory capital.

B.2. Overview of Basel III Requirements

The Bank complies with the Basel 3 standards and guidelines, which have been implemented in the UAE through notice reference CBUAE/BSN/2022/5280 dated 30 December 2022.

For Pillar 1, Bank has adopted the Standardized Approach for Credit Risk, the Standardized Approach for Market Risk, and the Basic Indicator Approach for determining the capital requirements for Operational Risk.

Pillar 2 covers additional risk areas such as concentration risk, FIRB vs standardized approach risk, IRRBB risk, Liquidity risk, residual risk, IT/outsourcing/fraud risk, business & strategic risk, reputational/legal/compliance risk, model risk, compliance risk, conduct risk. The risk and capital assessment of these other areas are commonly referred to as “Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)”. Under the ICAAP report, the Bank assesses the above-mentioned risks (where applicable) and measures that after combining the pillar 1 and pillar 2 risk the Bank can withstand the regulatory and internal capital requirements. The Bank submits the ICAAP report to CBUAE on an annual basis.

Pillar 3 focuses on Market Discipline and complements the minimum capital requirements (Pillar I) and the supervisory review process (Pillar II). The CBUAE supports the enhanced market discipline by developing a set of disclosure requirements which will allow market participants to assess key pieces of information on the scope of application, capital, risk exposure, risk assessment process and hence the capital adequacy. This report has been prepared in line with the same objective.

B.3. Capital Management

Bank’s capital management policy is to maintain a strong capital base to support the development and growth of business. Current and future capital requirements are determined based on loan growth expectations for each business unit, expected growth in off-balance sheet facilities, future sources and uses of funds and the Bank’s future dividend policy. The Bank also ensures compliance with externally imposed capital requirement norms, strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios to support its business and to maximize shareholders' value. During the year the Bank complied in full of all external imposed capital requirements. The U.A.E. Central Bank requires the banks in the U.A.E. to maintain a ratio of total regulatory capital to the risk weighted assets at or above the agreed minimum of 10.5%.

1. Overview of risk management and RWA
1.1. Template KM1: Key metrics (at consolidated group level)

In AED'000		a	b	c	d	e
		T 31 Mar 24	T-1 31 Dec 23	T-2 30 Sep 23	T-3 30 Jun 23	T-4 31 Mar 23
	Available capital (amounts)					
1	Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	5,000,734	4,806,934	5,000,469	4,873,595	4,767,195
1a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model	5,000,734	4,806,934	5,000,469	4,873,595	4,767,195
2	Tier 1	5,000,734	4,806,934	5,000,469	4,873,595	4,767,195
2a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1	5,000,734	4,806,934	5,000,469	4,873,595	4,767,195
3	Total capital	5,133,542	4,936,826	5,126,455	4,997,255	4,886,156
3a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital	5,133,542	4,936,826	5,126,455	4,997,255	4,886,156
	Risk-weighted assets (amounts)					
4	Total risk-weighted assets (RWA)	11,738,403	11,545,495	11,047,351	10,865,460	10,471,181
	Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA					
5	Common Equity Tier 1 ratio (%)	42.60%	41.63%	45.26%	44.85%	45.53%
5a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model CET1 (%)	42.60%	41.63%	45.26%	44.85%	45.53%
6	Tier 1 ratio (%)	42.60%	41.63%	45.26%	44.85%	45.53%
6a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model Tier 1 ratio (%)	42.60%	41.63%	45.26%	44.85%	45.53%
7	Total capital ratio (%)	43.73%	42.76%	46.40%	45.99%	46.66%
7a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model total capital ratio (%)	43.73%	42.76%	46.40%	45.99%	46.66%
	Additional CET1 buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA					
8	Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5% from 2019) (%)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
9	Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
10	Bank D-SIB additional requirements (%)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
11	Total of bank CET1 specific buffer requirements (%) (row 8 + row 9+ row 10)	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
12	CET1 available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%)	33.23%	32.26%	35.90%	35.49%	36.16%

Overview of risk management and RWA
Template KM1: Key metrics (at consolidated group level)

Leverage Ratio						
13	Total leverage ratio measure	16,713,676	16,637,344	16,577,148	16,142,267	16,171,543
14	Leverage ratio (%) (row 2/row 13)	29.92%	28.89%	30.16%	30.19%	29.48%
14a	Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio (%) (row 2A/row 13)	29.92%	28.89%	30.16%	30.19%	29.48%
14b	Leverage ratio (%) (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	29.92%	28.89%	30.16%	30.19%	29.48%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio						
15	Total HQLA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
16	Total net cash outflow	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
17	LCR ratio (%)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Net Stable Funding Ratio						
18	Total available stable funding	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
19	Total required stable funding	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
20	NSFR ratio (%)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ELAR						
21	Total HQLA	2,958,406	2,819,232	3,580,321	3,123,832	2,951,743
22	Total liabilities	10,189,876	9,979,531	9,718,851	9,388,983	9,175,339
23	Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio (ELAR) (%)	29.03%	28.25%	36.84%	33.27%	32.17%
ASRR						
24	Total available stable funding	13,369,298	13,488,347	13,016,913	12,488,805	12,294,750
25	Total Advances	9,257,317	8,866,795	8,062,654	7,377,204	7,847,539
26	Advances to Stable Resources Ratio (%)	69.24%	65.74%	61.94%	59.07%	63.83%

Note: LCR & NSFR as NA as these applies to DSIB.

1.1. Template OV1: Overview of RWA

		a	b	c
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
In AED'000		T 31 Mar 2024	T-1 31 Dec 2023	T 31 Mar 2024
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	10,624,265	10,390,718	1,115,548
2	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	10,624,647	10,391,368	1,115,588
3	Of which: foundation internal ratings-based (F-IRB) approach			
4	Of which: supervisory slotting approach			
5	Of which: advanced internal ratings-based (A-IRB) approach			
6	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	191	325	20
7	Of which: standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	191	325	20
8	Of which: Internal Model Method (IMM)			
9	Of which: other CCR			
10	Credit valuation adjustment (CVA)	191	325	20
11	Equity positions under the simple risk weight approach			
12	Equity investments in funds - look-through approach	-	-	-
13	Equity investments in funds - mandate-based approach	-	-	-
14	Equity investments in funds - fall-back approach	-	-	-
15	Settlement risk	-	-	-
16	Securitisation exposures in the banking book	-	-	-
17	Of which: securitisation internal ratings-based approach (SEC-IRBA)			
18	Of which: securitisation external ratings-based approach (SEC-ERBA)	-	-	-
19	Of which: securitisation standardised approach (SEC-SA)	-	-	-
20	Market risk	43,974	84,345	4,617
21	Of which: standardised approach (SA)	43,974	84,345	4,617
22	Of which: internal models approach (IMA)			
23	Operational risk	1,069,783	1,069,783	112,327
24	Amounts below thresholds for deduction (subject to 250% risk weight)			
25	Floor adjustment			
26	Total (1+6+10+11+12+13+14+15+16+20+23)	11,738,403	11,545,495	1,232,532

2. Leverage ratio

2.1. Template LR1: Summary comparison of accounting assets vs leverage ratio exposure

In AED'000	a 31 Mar 2024
Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	14,829,082
Adjustments for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	(320,935)
Adjustment for securitised exposures that meet the operational requirements for the recognition of risk transference	-
Adjustments for temporary exemption of central bank reserves (if applicable)	-
Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-
Adjustments for regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets subject to trade date accounting	-
Adjustments for eligible cash pooling transactions	-
Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	382
Adjustment for securities financing transactions (ie repos and similar secured lending)	-
Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (ie conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	2,156,898
Adjustments for prudent valuation adjustments and specific and general provisions which have reduced Tier 1 capital	-
Other adjustments	48,631
Leverage ratio exposure measure	16,713,676

2.2. Template LR2: Leverage ratio common disclosure template

		a	b
In AED'000		T 31 Mar 2024	T-1 31 Dec 2023
On-balance sheet exposures			
1	On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transactions (SFTs), but including collateral)	14,877,713	14,894,614
2	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	-	-
3	(Deductions of receivable assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	-	-
4	(Adjustment for securities received under securities financing transactions that are recognised as an asset)	-	-
5	(Specific and general provisions associated with on-balance sheet exposures that are deducted from Tier 1 capital)	-	-
6	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	(320,935)	(320,467)
7	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of rows 1 to 6)	14,556,778	14,574,147
Derivative exposures			
8	Replacement cost associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions (where applicable net of eligible cash variation margin and/or with bilateral netting)	0	76
9	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with <i>all</i> derivatives transactions	273	388
10	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)		
11	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives		
12	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)		
13	Total derivative exposures (sum of rows 8 to 12), (8 + 9)*1.4	382	650
Securities financing transactions			
14	Gross SFT <i>assets</i> (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	-	-
15	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	-	-
16	CCR exposure for SFT assets	-	-
17	Agent transaction exposures	-	-
18	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of rows 14 to 17)	-	-
Other off-balance sheet exposures			
19	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	3,183,348	2,927,828
20	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(1,026,833)	(865,281)
21	(Specific and general provisions associated with off-balance sheet exposures deducted in determining Tier 1 capital)	-	-
22	Off-balance sheet items (sum of rows 19 to 21)	2,156,516	2,062,547

Template LR2: Leverage ratio common disclosure template			
Capital and total exposures			
23	Tier 1 capital	5,000,734	4,806,934
24	Total exposures (sum of rows 7, 13, 18 and 22)	16,713,676	16,637,344
Leverage ratio			
25	Leverage ratio (including the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	29.92%	28.89%
25a	Leverage ratio (excluding the impact of any applicable temporary exemption of central bank reserves)	29.92%	28.89%
26	CBUAE minimum leverage ratio requirement	3.00%	3.00%
27	Applicable leverage buffers	26.92%	25.89%

3. Liquidity Risk Management

3.1. Template LIQ1: Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

Its applicable only to the Big banks of UAE.

3.2. Template ELAR: Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio

		31-Mar-23	In AED'000
1	High Quality Liquid Assets	Nominal amount	Eligible Liquid Asset
1.1	Physical cash in hand at the bank + balances with the CBUAE	2,800,651	
1.2	UAE Federal Government Bonds and Sukuks	30,221	
	Sub Total (1.1 to 1.2)	2,830,872	2,830,872
1.3	UAE local governments publicly traded debt securities	127,534	
1.4	UAE Public sector publicly traded debt securities	0	
	Sub total (1.3 to 1.4)	127,534	127,534
1.5	Foreign Sovereign debt instruments or instruments issued by their respective central banks		0
1.6	Total	2,958,406	2,958,406
2	Total liabilities		10,189,876
3	Eligible Liquid Assets Ratio (ELAR)		29.03%

3.3. **Template ASRR: Advances to Stables Resource Ratio**

The table below provides the breakdown of the Bank's Advances to Stable Resource Ratio (ASRR) as per the UAECB Liquidity Regulations.

			In AED'000
		Items	Amount
1		Computation of Advances	
	1.1	Net Lending (gross loans - specific and collective provisions + interest in suspense)	6,674,987
	1.2	Lending to non-banking financial institutions	190,195
	1.3	Net Financial Guarantees & Stand-by LC (issued - received)	324,236
	1.4	Interbank Placements	2,067,899
	1.5	Total Advances	9,257,317
2		Calculation of Net Stable Resources	
	2.1	Total capital + general provisions	5,634,822
		Deduct:	
	2.1.1	Goodwill and other intangible assets	
	2.1.2	Fixed Assets	145,552
	2.1.3	Funds allocated to branches abroad	
	2.1.5	Unquoted Investments	1,192
	2.1.6	Investment in subsidiaries, associates and affiliates	300
	2.1.7	Total deduction	147,044
	2.2	Net Free Capital Funds	5,487,778
	2.3	Other stable resources:	0
	2.3.1	Funds from the head office	0
	2.3.2	Interbank deposits with remaining life of more than 6 months	0
	2.3.3	Refinancing of Housing Loans	0
	2.3.4	Borrowing from non-Banking Financial Institutions	75,302
	2.3.5	Customer Deposits	7,805,018
	2.3.6	Capital market funding/ term borrowings maturing after 6 months from reporting date	0
	2.3.7	Total other stable resources	7,880,320
	2.4	Total Stable Resources (2.2+2.3.7)	13,368,098
3		Advances TO STABLE RESOURCES RATIO (1.5/ 2.4*100)	69.25%